Knowledge Map – Find Your Voice

<u>Year 7 – Term 1</u>

Key vocabulary / concepts	What knowledge is required:		
Dynamics	The volume of music. How loud or quiet the		
	sound is.		
Pitch	How high or low the sound it.		
Tempo	The speed of the music. How fast or slow a		
	piece of music is.		
Repetition	Repeating a musical idea.		
Diaphragm	A muscular partition in your thorax which is		
	used to draw in and expel air.		
Verse	Part of a song which tells a story or builds a		
	picture.		
Chorus	The catchy part of the song. It is often louder.		
Crescendo	Gradually getting louder.		
Diminuendo	Gradually getting quieter.		
	Indicates when and where you need to		
Phrase mark	breathe when singing.		
Piano (P)	Quiet.		
Forte (F)	Loud.		
Rallentando (<i>rall</i>)	Gradually getting slower.		
Traileritation (Fair)	Indicates notes which are high in pitch.		
Treble Clef	mateures notes which are man in premi		
Stave	5 lines and 4 spaces where pitch notes are		
Der Line Der Line	placed.		
Bar line	Splits music into chunks.		
Double bar line	Signifies the end of the music.		
4	Indicates the stresses within each bar of		
Time Signature 4	music and for how long each bar should last		
	for i.e., 4/4 is 4 beats per bar.		
Glissando	Sliding from one note to the next.		
Bass Guitar	A low pitched instrument with 4 strings.		
Electric Guitar	A 6 stringed instrument that can be plugged into an amplifier.		
Drum Kit	A percussion instrument.		
Trumpet	A high pitched brass instrument.		
Treble Clef Notes Treble Clef Notes Treble Clef Notes Treble Clef Notes Treble Clef Notes	Each pitch has an alphabetic note which cycles through: A, B, C, D, E, F, G, A		
NOTE HUITES			